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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. - 10. (Cancelled).

- 11. (Currently amended) A method of making an MR imaging agent, said method comprising:
- a) reacting a peptide having an N-terminal amine functional group with a linker-subunit moiety to form a modified peptide having a C-terminal amine functional group and said N-terminal amine functional group;
- b) covalently attaching a linker moiety to the C-terminal amine functional group and to the N-terminal amine functional group to form a precursor MR imaging agent;
- c) converting the precursor MR imaging agent to the MR imaging agent; wherein converting the precursor MR imaging agent to the MR imaging agent comprises:
- (d) reacting the precursor MR imaging agent with a precursor chelate moiety to form a covalent bond between the precursor chelate moiety and the linker moiety of the precursor MR imaging agent, the precursor chelate moiety comprising a plurality of carboxylate precursor groups, the carboxylate precursor groups capable of being transformed into carboxylate moieties;
- (e) reacting the covalently linked precursor MR imaging agent and precursor chelate moiety to produce transforming a plurality of the carboxylate precursor groups of the bound precursor chelate moiety to a plurality of carboxylate moieties, the carboxylate moieties capable of complexing a paramagnetic metal ion; and
- (f) complexing a paramagnetic metal ion to the plurality of carboxylate moieties to produce the MR imaging agent;

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wherein the linker-subunit moiety is:

wherein the precursor chelate moiety is selected from the group consisting of:

wherein LG is a leaving group selected from the group consisting of–OH, activated ester a pentafluorophenol (Pfp) moiety, a N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) moiety, a N-hydroxysulfosuccinimide salt (NHSS) moiety, a 2-thioxothiazolidin-1-yl moiety, a hydroxybenozotriazole (HBT) moiety, and a halide, and anhydride, and wherein each R, independently, is an O or an O precursor selected from the group consisting of OH, -O-Me, O-Et, O-tBu, O-benzyl, and O-allyl, so that R, upon conversion to O, is capable of forming a earboxylate moiety with its adjacent carbonyl.

12. - 13. (Cancelled).

14. (Currently amended) A method of making an MR imaging agent, said method comprising:

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a) reacting a peptide having an N-terminal amine functional group with a linker-subunit moiety to form a modified peptide having a C-terminal amine functional group and said N-terminal amine functional group;

b) covalently attaching a linker moiety to the C-terminal amine functional group and to the N-terminal amine functional group to form a precursor MR imaging agent;

- c) converting the precursor MR imaging agent to the MR imaging agent; wherein converting the precursor MR imaging agent to the MR imaging agent comprises:
- (d) reacting the precursor MR imaging agent with a precursor chelate moiety to form a covalent bond between the precursor chelate moiety and the linker moiety of the precursor MR imaging agent, the precursor chelate moiety comprising a plurality of carboxylate precursor groups, the carboxylate precursor groups capable of being transformed into carboxylate moieties;
- (e) reacting the covalently linked precursor MR imaging agent and precursor chelate moiety to produce transforming a plurality of the carboxylate precursor groups of the bound precursor chelate moiety to a plurality of carboxylate moieties, the carboxylate moieties capable of complexing a paramagnetic metal ion; and
- (f) complexing a paramagnetic metal ion to the plurality of carboxylate moieties to produce the MR imaging agent;

wherein the linker-subunit moiety is:

wherein the precursor chelate moiety is selected from the group consisting of:

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wherein:

n is an integer from 1 to 4;

R is selected from the group consisting of a negative charge and a negative charge precursor eapable of being transformed into a negative charge; and

X is a chemical leaving group selected from the group consisting of -Cl, -Br, -I, -MsO, -TsO, and -TfO; and

wherein the negative charge precursor is selected from the group consisting of -H, -Me, -Et, -t-Bu, -benzyl, and -allyl.

- 15. (Cancelled).
- 16. (Currently amended) A method of making an MR imaging agent, said method comprising:

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a) reacting a peptide having an N-terminal amine functional group with a linker-subunit moiety to form a modified peptide having a C-terminal amine functional group and said N-terminal amine functional group;

- b) covalently attaching a linker moiety to the C-terminal amine functional group and to the N-terminal amine functional group to form a precursor MR imaging agent; and
 - c) converting the precursor MR imaging agent to the MR imaging agent;

wherein the linker-subunit moiety is:

wherein the linker moiety is has been covalently conjugated to a precursor chelate moiety, the to form a covalent conjugate comprising a plurality of carboxylate precursor groups, the carboxylate precursor groups capable of being transformed into carboxylate moieties; wherein the covalent conjugate of the linker moiety and the precursor chelate moiety is selected from the group consisting of

LG
$$NR^4R^3$$
 NR^3 NR^1R^2 R^3N R^4R^5N and

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$$R^{1}R^{2}N$$
 $R^{3}N$
 $R^{4}R^{5}N$
 $R^{4}R^{5}$

wherein n is an integer from 1 to 4;

LG is a leaving group selected from the group consisting of –OH, activated ester a pentafluorophenol (Pfp) moiety, a N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) moiety, a N-hydroxysulfosuccinimide salt (NHSS) moiety, a 2-thioxothiazolidin-1-yl moiety, a hydroxybenozotriazole (HBT) moiety, and a halide, and anhydride; and R¹, R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are independently selected from the group consisting of an acetate moiety, a –Me, -Et, or -t-Bu protected acetate moiety, an acetamide moiety, and an acetoxy moiety.

- 17. (Currently amended) A method of making an MR imaging agent, said method comprising:
- a) reacting a peptide having an N-terminal amine functional group with a linker-subunit moiety to form a modified peptide having a C-terminal amine functional group and said N-terminal amine functional group;
- b) covalently attaching a linker moiety to the C-terminal amine functional group and to the N-terminal amine functional group to form a precursor MR imaging agent; and
 - c) converting the precursor MR imaging agent to the MR imaging agent;

wherein the linker-subunit moiety is:

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$$H_2N$$
 NH_2

wherein the linker moiety is moiety is has been covalently conjugated to a precursor chelate moiety, the to form a covalent conjugate comprising a plurality of carboxylate precursor groups, the carboxylate precursor groups capable of being transformed into carboxylate moieties; wherein the covalent conjugate of the linker moiety and the precursor chelate moiety is selected from the group consisting of:

wherein:

LG is a leaving group selected from the group consisting of -OH, activated ester a pentafluorophenol (Pfp) moiety, a N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) moiety, a N-hydroxysulfosuccinimide salt (NHSS) moiety, a 2-thioxothiazolidin-1-yl moiety, a hydroxybenozotriazole (HBT) moiety, and a halide, and anhydride; and R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are selected from the group consisting of an acetate moiety, a -Me, -Et, or -t-Bu protected acetate moiety, an acetamide moiety, and an acetoxy moiety.

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18. (Cancelled).

19. (Currently amended) A method of making an MR imaging agent, said method comprising:

- a) reacting a peptide having an N-terminal amine functional group with a linker-subunit moiety to form a modified peptide having a C-terminal amine functional group and said N-terminal amine functional group;
- b) covalently attaching a linker moiety to the C-terminal amine functional group and to the N-terminal amine functional group to form a precursor MR imaging agent; and
 - c) converting the precursor MR imaging agent to the MR imaging agent;

wherein the linker-subunit moiety is:

$$H_2N$$
 NH_2

wherein the linker moiety is has been covalently conjugated to a precursor chelate moiety, the to form a covalent conjugate comprising a plurality of carboxylate precursor groups, the carboxylate precursor groups capable of being transformed into carboxylate moieties; wherein the covalent conjugate of the linker moiety and the precursor chelate moiety is selected from the group consisting of:

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wherein:

R is a -tBu group,

LG is a leaving group selected from the group consisting of –OH, activated ester a pentafluorophenol (Pfp) moiety, a N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) moiety, a N-hydroxysulfosuccinimide salt (NHSS) moiety, a 2-thioxothiazolidin-1-yl moiety, a hydroxybenozotriazole (HBT) moiety, and a halide, and anhydride.

- 20. (Cancelled).
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11 or 14, wherein the paramagnetic metal ion is selected from the group consisting of: Gd(III), Fe(III), Mn(II and III), Cr(III), Cu(II), Dy(III), Tb(III and IV), Ho(III), Er(III), Pr(III), Eu(II) and Eu(III).
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein the paramagnetic metal ion is Gd(III).
- 23. 77. (Cancelled).